

KOTHARI INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, NOIDA
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION, SESSION: 2025-2026
GRADE: 6 SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
SECTION B (SUBJECTIVE) SET B

DAY & DATE: TUESDAY, 09/09/2025

MAXIMUM MARKS: 60

TIME ALLOTTED: 2 HOURS 30 MINUTES

NAME: _____

ROLL NO: _____

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

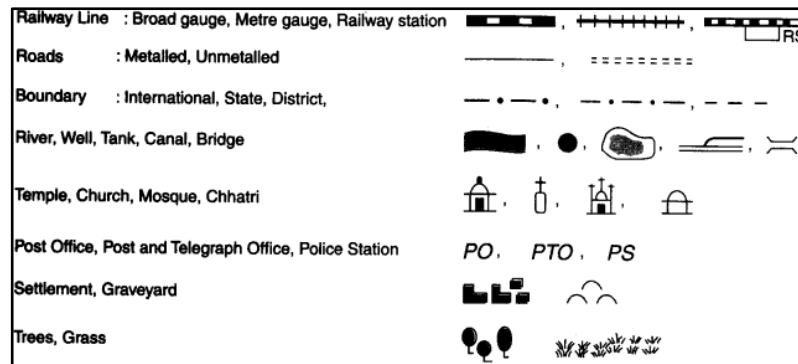
- i). This question paper comprises of 8 pages and 19 questions. All questions are compulsory.*
- ii). SECTION A - Question Numbers 1 to 5 comprises of 5 questions of 2 marks each. Answers should not exceed 40 words.*
- iii). SECTION B - Question Numbers 6 to 11 comprises 6 questions of 3 marks each. Answers should not exceed 60 words.*
- iv). SECTION C - Question Number 12 to 14 comprises 3 questions of 4 marks each. Answers should not exceed 60 to 80 words.*
- v). SECTION D - Question Number 15 to 17 comprises 4 questions of 5 marks each. Answers should not exceed 100 words.*
- vi). SECTION E - Question Number 18 & 19 are map based questions.*
- vii). There is a choice in few of the questions of the question paper, attempt only one of the choice.*
- viii). Some of the questions are sub-divided.*
- ix). In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.*
- x). One political map of India and one political map of world has been attached with the question paper.*

SECTION A

- Q1.** “Cartographers choose certain colors and symbols instead of others.” Explain this statement. **(2)**
- Q2.** What could be the reasons behind the increasing presence of nuclear families in modern neighborhoods? **(2)**
- Q3.** Do you think human progress would have been possible without the specific distribution of oceans and continents we have today? Why or why not? **(2)**
- Q4.** If you had to explain “India, That is Bharat” to a visitor, which map would you show first and why? **(2)**

Q5. Picture based question.

(2)



1) A police station (PS) symbol is found near an international boundary symbol. Why might this location be important?

2) If you find a bridge symbol over a river symbol, what can this tell you about transport and connectivity in the region?

SECTION B

Q6. CASE STUDY: Read the given case carefully and answer the questions that follow.

(1+2)

“Finding the Story of King Harsha”

Archaeologists discovered:

1. Coins with an image of a king wearing a crown and the words *Harshavardhana* in ancient script.
2. A copper plate inscription mentioning land grants to Brahmins, dated to the 7th century CE.
3. A biography, *Harshacharita*, written by Banabhatta, describing the king’s life and achievements.
4. Ruins of a monastery built during his reign.

1) Which of these sources are literary?

2) If only coins were found and no writings, what information about King Harsha might we not know?

Q7. Draw a well labeled diagram of the parallels of Latitudes with their degrees.

(3)

Q8. Do you agree that oceans and continents are essential for sustaining life on Earth? Give 3 reasons to support your view.

(3)

OR

Although water is found in abundance on Earth, people still speak of ‘water scarcity’ or a ‘water crisis’. Give any three reasons to explain this.

Q9. Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

(1+2)

The Earth is a huge sphere, and finding the exact location of a place on it can be difficult without a proper system. To make this task easier, geographers have drawn imaginary lines on globes and maps. These lines run in two directions—latitudes and longitudes. Latitudes are horizontal lines that circle the Earth parallel to the equator. The equator is the longest latitude and is marked as 0°. It divides the Earth into the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere. The lines above the equator are called north latitudes, and those below are south latitudes. Longitudes are vertical lines running from the North Pole to the South Pole. The prime meridian, marked as 0°, passes through Greenwich in London. Longitudes are used to determine time zones across the world. The combination of latitude and longitude helps in pinpointing the exact location of any place on Earth.

- 1) What is the purpose of drawing imaginary lines on globes and maps?
- 2) Imagine you are a ship captain. Give 2 reasons why would it be important for you to know the latitude and longitude of your location?

Q10.



Picture based question.

(3)

In what ways does this picture reflect the idea of 'Unity in Diversity'? Explain by giving any three points.

Q11. In history, how did the term "Hindustan" originate and what region did it originally refer to?

(3)

SECTION C

Q12. CASE STUDY: Read the given case carefully and answer the questions that follow.

(1+2+1)

Riya lives in a joint family with her grandparents, parents, uncles, aunts, and cousins. Her grandfather tells stories about their ancestors and teaches them family traditions. Her grandmother takes care of the younger children and cooks traditional meals. Riya's father and uncles work together in the family business, while her mother and aunts manage the household. On weekends, the whole family gathers for meals, celebrations, and games. They also help each other in times of need and celebrate festivals together.

- 1) What type of family does Riya live in?
- 2) Mention two advantages of living in such a family.
- 3) Why do you think living in a joint family can help in learning traditions and values?

Q13.



Picture based question.

(2+2)

- 1) How can early warning systems help in reducing the harmful effects of disasters like a Tsunami?
- 2) How might marine life be affected by this disaster?

Q14.

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

(2+2)

India lies in the southern part of Asia and is the seventh-largest country in the world by area. It shares its land borders with Pakistan, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, and Myanmar. The southern part of the country is a peninsula, surrounded by water on three sides.

India is divided into 28 states and 8 union territories, each with its own government, culture, and traditions. The capital city, New Delhi, is an important political and cultural centre. The variety of landscapes in India—from deserts and mountains to forests and plains—affects the climate and lifestyle of its people. While the northern region experiences cold winters, the southern region has a tropical climate. This diversity in geography also influences agriculture, clothing, and food habits across the country.

- 1) How do you think geography affects the way people live in different parts of India?
- 2) If you lived in the desert region of India, how would your daily life be different from someone living in the mountains?

SECTION D

Q15.

Strong families are built on shared duties and care. What responsibilities should family members fulfil towards one another to maintain such strong bonds? Write any five points.

(5)

Q16.

Answer the following questions.

(3+2)

- 1) If you had to introduce India in a few sentences, what would you say?
- 2) India was known by different names in ancient times. Write any two of these names.

Q17.

Answer the following questions.

(2+3)

- 1) “Learning about history can help us solve present-day problems.” Give reason.
- 2) What can be inferred about the significance of the first crop cultivation in human history?

SECTION E

Q18. ON THE GIVEN POLITICAL MAP OF INDIA LABEL AND MARK THE FOLLOWING. (3)

- 1) Northernmost state of India
- 2) The state where festival of Uttarayan is celebrated.
- 3) The route of River Cauveri

Q19. ON THE GIVEN POLITICAL MAP OF WORLD LABEL AND MARK THE FOLLOWING. (2)

- 1) Continent with most countries
- 2) Ocean separating Africa and Australia

Q18

Political Map of India

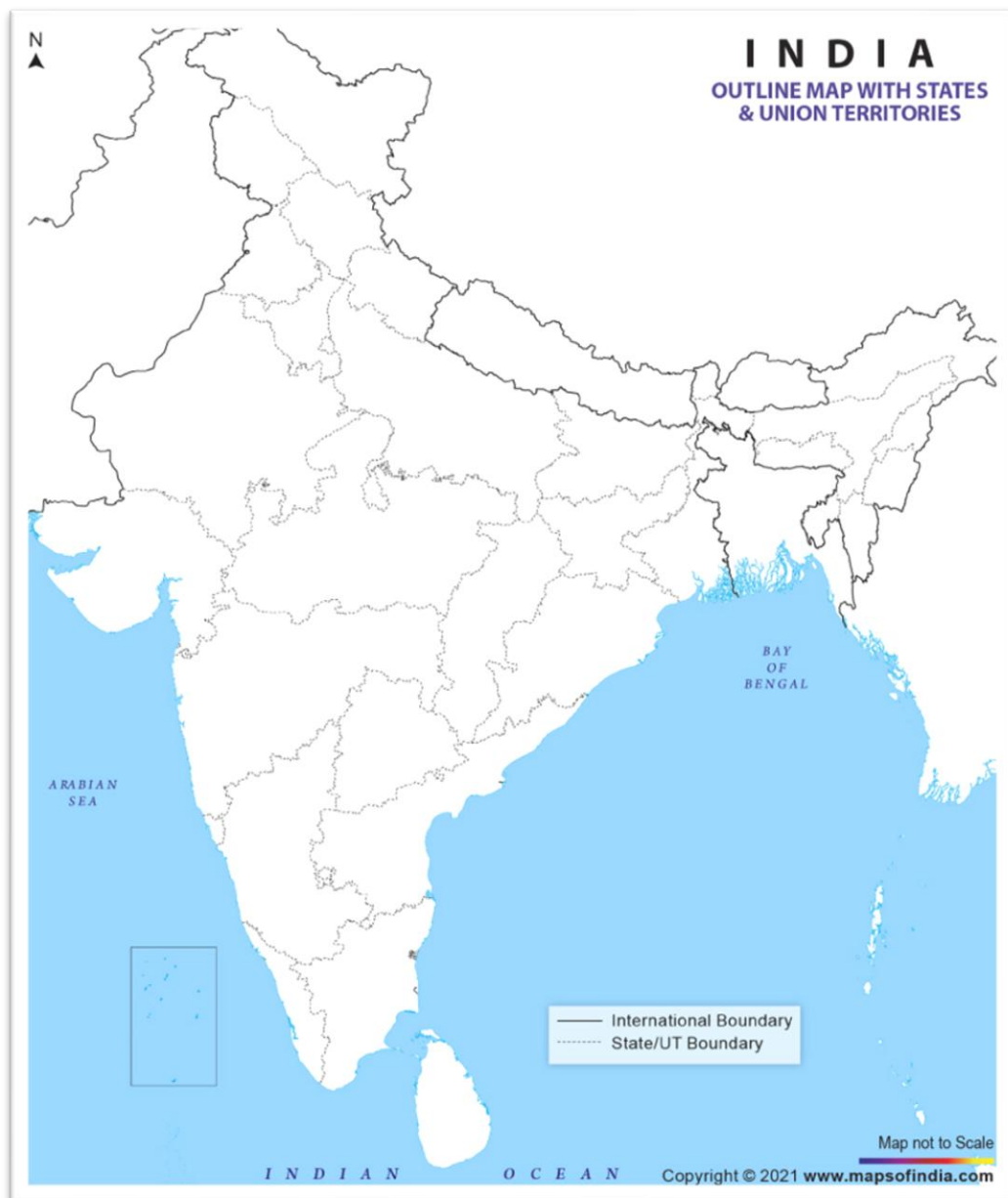
Grade - 6 Half Yearly Examination - Map Work

Date: 09/09/2025

Name: _____

Signature of the Invigilator: _____

Sr no.	Name of the place	Key/Symbol/Color
1.		
2.		
3.		



Q19

Political Map of World

Grade - 6 Half Yearly Examination- Map Work

Date: 09/09/2025

Name: _____

Signature of the Invigilator: _____

Sr no.	Name of the place	Key/Symbol/Color
1.		
2.		

