KOTHARI INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, NOIDA

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION - 1, SESSION: 2023-2024 **GRADE:12 SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)**

	& DATE: MONDAY - 20 NOVEMBER 2023 E ALLOWED: 3 HOURS E:	MAXIMUM MARKS: ROLL NO:	
i). All questions are compulsory. ii). Question Nos. 1-12 are of 1 mark each. iii). Question Nos. 13-18 are of 2 marks each. The answers to these questions should not exceed 40 words each. iv). Question Nos. 19-23 are of 4 marks each. The answers to these questions should not exceed 100 words each. v). Question Nos. 24-26 are of 5 marks each. vi). Question Nos. 27-30 are of 6 marks each. The answers to these questions should not exceed 150 words each.			
	SECTION-A		
Q1.	In which year Gorbachev became the general Secretory of the A. 1989 B. 1090 C. 1987 D. 1985	Communist Party of the USSR?	(1)
Q2.	Russia took over the USSR seat in the UN in A. December 1991 B. December 1989 C. December 1990 D. December 1992		(1)
Q3.	ASEAN stands for A. Alliance for Southeast Asian Nations B. Alliance for Southern Asian Nations C. Association of Southwestern Asian Nations D. Association of South East Asian Nations		(1)
Q4.	When was the People's Republic of China established? A. 1947 B. 1948		(1)

C. 1949 D. 1950

Q5.	Which of the following country is the biggest source of development aid for Bhutan? A. USA B. Russia C. India D. Maldives	(1)
Q6.	Which of the following is not the South Asian country? A. Bangladesh B. Bhutan C. India D. Russia	(1)
Q7.	In which year an agreement took place between Sheikh Abdullah and Prime Minister Indira Gandhi? A. 1970 B. 1974 C. 1976 D. 1980	(1)
Q8.	Who among the following was the leader of the Naga National Council? A. V. P. Singh B. Lal Denga C. Karunanidhi D. Angami Zapu Phizo	(1)
Q9.	Which of the following initiatives were not included in the policies of Mrs. Indira Gandhi's government? A. abolition of the privy purse B. nationalization of banks C. environmental protection D. ban on nuclear tests	(1)
Q10.	Who has given the slogan "Garibi Hatao"? A. Pt. Nehru B. Lal Bahadur Shastri C. Indira Gandhi D. Ram Manohar Lohia	(1)
Q11.	Which of the statements about the Bombay Plan is incorrect? A. It was a blueprint for India's economic future. B. It supported state ownership of industry. C. It was made by some leading industrialists. D. It strongly supported the idea of planning.	(1)

Q12.	Which are the two models of development? A. Capitalist and Socialist B. Capitalist and Marxist C. Capitalist and Gandhism D. Socialism and Leninism	(1)			
SECTION-B					
Q13.	State any <i>two</i> differences between the economic policies followed by China before and after 1978.	(2)			
Q14.	State the two differences between the security challenges facing the newly independent countries of Asia and Africa and the security challenges in Europe.	(2)			
Q15.	If the Soviet Union had not disintegrated and the world had remained bipolar, how would have been the situation affected the world politics?	(2)			
Q16.	How has globalization lead to interdependence among nations? Give one examples.	(2)			
Q17.	What do you know about India's doctrine of minimal nuclear deterrence?	(2)			
Q18.	Show with the help of two examples that Indira Gandhi had a leaning towards the ideology of Socialism.	(2)			
	<u>SECTION-C</u>				
Q19.	Identify <i>two</i> similarities and <i>two</i> differences between the crisis in Punjab and Assam during the 1980s.	(4)			
Q20.	"Globalization is the outcome of developed technology." Support the statement with two examples.	(4)			
Q21.	"Development mostly causes degradation of environment." Justify the statements referring to two environment movements.	(4)			
Q22.	What are the <i>four</i> components of the traditional notion of security from external threats? Give one example of each.	(4)			
Q23.	Evaluate the relationship between India and Pakistan with the help of examples.	(4)			

SECTION-D

Q24. Read this passage and answer the following questions:

- (a) What made the party system in India look like a two-party system in 1977? (1)
- (b) Many more than two parties existed in 1977. Why then are the authors describing this period as close to a two-party system? (1)
- (c) What caused splits in Congress and the Janata parties? (2)

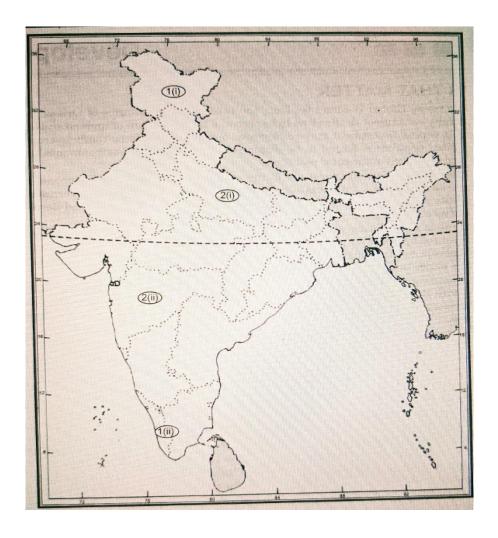
Q25.



Study the Cartoon given above and answer the following questions: Questions

- 1. What does the cartoon represent? (1)
- 2. Describe the role of such government in Indian Democratic set up. (1)
- 3. What does this statement "Support the government from outside" mean? (2)

Q26.



Questions
1. Two states where Congress was not in power at some point during 1052-67. (2)

- 1. Two states where Congress was not in power at some point during 1952-67.
- 2. Two states where the Congress remained in power through this period.

SECTION-E

Q27. "Indira Gandhi was left with no option except to impose Emergency." Argue for or against. (6)

OR

"India should give up its policy of non-alignment and align with the United States." Do you agree? Give any three arguments in support of your answer.

Q28. How was the 'one party dominant system' in India different from similar systems elsewhere?

Did the dominance of one party mean that India was not really a democracy? Give reasons to support your answer.

OR

"U.N. is an indispensable organization". Do you agree? Give any four arguments in support of your answer.

Q29. "The transition from Communism to Capitalism was not a smooth one". Comment. (6)

OR

"Tibet, the plateau of the Central Asian region, is the bone of contention between India and China." Discuss.

Q30. In 2014 elections, people have voted for a stable government at the Centre. Do you think that the era of coalition has ended? Support your answer with suitable arguments.

OR

Nation Building is an ongoing process? Elaborate.