

KOTHARI INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, NOIDA
TERM END ASSESSMENT, SESSION: 2023-24
GRADE: 9 SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)
SET-B

DATE & DAY: MONDAY – FEBRUARY 5, 2024

MAXIMUM MARKS:80

NAME: _____

TIME ALLOTTED: 3 HOURS

ROLL NO: _____

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- i). This Question Paper contains six sections, sections A, B, C, D E, and F. There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.*
- ii). Section A (Q1 to Q20) are MCQs of 1 mark.*
- iii). Section B (Q21 to Q24) are very short answer type Questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.*
- iv). Section C (Q25 to Q29) are descriptive questions. It consists of short answer type questions of 3 marks each to be answered in not more than 60 words*
- v). Section D (Q30 to Q33) are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.*
- vi). Section E (Q 34 to 36 are case-based questions with three sub-questions and are of 4 marks each*
- vii). Section F (Q 37) is map-based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).*
- viii). There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in a few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions has to be attempted.*

SECTION – A(20 MARKS)

- Q1** When did Louis XVI call an assembly of the Estate General to pass proposals for new taxes? **(1)**
(a) On 5th May, 1789
(b) On 4th April, 1789
(c) On 5th May, 1788
(d) On 3rd February, 1788
- Q2** When did Zimbabwe attain independence from white minority rule? **(1)**
(a) 1970
(b) 1980
(c) 1985
(d) 1987

- Q3** India's contact with the world have continued through ages .Which is the oldest way of India's connection with the world? (1)
- (a) Air route
 - (b) Sea route
 - (c) Land route
 - (d) All of these

- Q4** Match the items in column A with those of column B and find the most appropriate code which reflects the correctly matched pairs. (1)

| COLUMN -A | COLUMN-B |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| a) Land | 1) Natural Resources |
| b) Fixed Capital | 2) Assets |
| c) Working Capital | 3) Raw Materials and Money |
| d) Human Capital | 4) Knowledge and Enterprises |

CODES:

- (a) A-(1), B-(2), C-(3), D-(4)
 - (b) A-(4), B-(3) C-(2), D-(1)
 - (c) A-(2), B-(3), C-(4), D-(1)
 - (d) A-(4), B-(2), C-(1), D-(3)
- Q5** Find out the incorrect option (1)
- (a) Robert Owen was a leading French manufacturer.
 - (b) Robert Owen built a cooperative community called 'New Harmony' in India.
 - (c) Louis Blanc wanted the government to encourage cooperatives.
 - (d) Lois Blanc wanted to replace capitalist enterprise.
- Q6.** The Constituent Assembly represented to whom? (1)
- (a) Indian National Congress
 - (b) Muslim League
 - (c) The People of India
 - (d) Princely States
- Q7** The western coastal strip , south of Goa is referred to as the (1)
- (a) Coromandel
 - (b) Konkan
 - (c) Kannad
 - (d) Northern Circar
- Q8** Which of the following is a primary activity?

- (a) Fishing (1)
(b) Transport
(c) Education
(d) Banking

Q9 There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes provided below: (1)

Assertion (A): Nazi ideology was synonymous with Hitler's world view.

Reason (R): Hitler was inspired by the writings of Charles Darwin and Herbert Spencer.

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true

Q10 The Chief Election Commissioner by whom among the following? (1)

- a) Lok Sabha Speaker
b) The Chief Justice of India
c) The President of India
d) The Vice President of India

Q11 Which of the following lakes in Rajasthan is a salt water lake? (1)

- (a) Dhebar lake
(b) Kayalana lake
(c) Sambhar lake
(d) Gobind Sagar lake

Q12 There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes provided below : (1)

Assertion (A): The proportion of poor people is not the same in every state.

Reason (R): In 2011-12 estimates all Head Count Ratio was 21.9%.

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true

Q13 The Dhargar shepherds stayed in the central plateau of Maharashtra during the (1)

- (a) Winter
(b) Summer
(c) Monsoon

(d) Autumn

OR

To colonial officials, all uncultivated land appeared to be

- (a) Unproductive
- (b) Wastage
- (c) Barren
- (d) Vacant

Q14 Which one of the following is not a part of Indian Judiciary system? **(1)**

- a) High Courts in the states
- b) The Supreme Court
- c) Village Panchayat
- d) District Courts

Q15 India has which type of climate? **(1)**

- a) Monsoon
- b) Oceanic
- c) Tundra
- d) Tropical Savanna

Q16 There are two statements marked as Assertion(A) and Reason(R). Mark your answers as per the codes provided below. **(1)**

Assertion(A): A large section of people suffer from food and nutrition insecurity of India.

Reason(R): The social composition along with the inability to buy food also plays a role in food insecurity.

CODES

- a) Both A and R are true R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

Q17 The prison in Guantanamo Bay is under which of the following Navies? **(1)**

- a) French Navy
- b) Indian Navy
- c) American Navy
- d) Spanish Navy

Q18 Which of the following is correctly arranged in terms of the percentage of population from highest to lowest? **(1)**

1. Children, Adults, Aged
2. Aged, Adults, Children
3. Adults, Children, Aged
4. Children, Aged, Adults

Q19 On what charge was Louis XVI sentenced to death? **(1)**

- a) Dictator
- b) Brutal
- c) Treason
- d) Reckless

Q20 Democracy enhances the dignity of the : **(1)**

- a) Citizens
- b) Nation
- c) Ministers
- d) Chief Ministers

SECTION- B (8 MARKS)

Q21 Mention the latitudinal extent of India. Explain its significance. **(2)**

Q22 Which capital can be considered the best: land, labour, physical capital or human capital and why? **(2)**

Q23 State any two points on the economic condition of Russia before 1905. **(2)**

Q24 "The system of apartheid followed in South Africa was unjust and racist." Support the statement with two points. **(2)**

SECTION-C (15 MARKS)

Q25 State any three differences between the Himadri range and Shivalik range. **(3)**

OR

Name the part of the Northern plains formed of older alluvium. Mention any **TWO** characteristic features of it.

Q26 How are children of educated parents different from those of uneducated parents? Give **THREE** points of difference. **(3)**

- Q27** What were the main features of Hitler's geopolitical concept of Lebensraum? Give **THREE** features. (3)
- Q28** "In India ,value of free and fair elections has been promoted". Support the statement with **THREE** facts. (3)
- Q29** Explain the "National River Conservation Plan" (NRCP) in brief. (3)

SECTION-D(20 MARKS)

- Q30** How is poverty interpreted by the social scientists? Explain. (5)
- Q31** "British introduced wasteland rules". Justify the given statement with appropriate answer. (5)
- Q32** Evaluate on how the Prime Minister is considered as the head of the government with appropriate examples. (5)
- Q33** Describe five characteristics of hot weather season in India. (5)

SECTION-E (12 MARKS)

- Q34** **Why Food Security?** (4)

Due to a natural calamity, say drought, total production of food grains decreases. It creates a shortage of food in the affected areas . Due to shortage of food , the prices go up. At the high prices, some people cannot afford to buy food. If such calamity happens in a very wide spread area or is stretched over a longer time period , it may cause a situation of starvation. A massive starvation might take a turn of famine.

Answer the following questions:

1. What do you understand by the term natural calamity? (1)
2. Explain the situation that arises during the natural calamity? (1)
3. Elaborate on the statement as to what happens if such calamity is stretched over a longer period of time and its consequences (2)

- Q35** **Freedom to Travel** (4)

As citizen we have freedom to travel to any part of the country. We are free to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India. Let us say, a person who belongs to the state of Assam wants to start a business in Hyderabad.

He may not have any connection with that city, he may not have seen it ever. Yet as a citizen of India he has the right to set up base there. The same freedom extends on choice of occupations. No one can force you to do or not to do a certain job.

Answer the following questions:

- Q.1. Evaluate the statement, citizens of India exercise freedom to travel to any part of the country. (2)
- Q.2. Explain the term choice of occupations with appropriate example. (2)

Q36

Adolescent Population

(4)

The most significant features of the Indian population is the size of the adolescent population. It constitutes one -fifth of the total population of India. It constitutes one -fifth of the total population of India. Adolescents are, generally grouped in the age group of 10 to 19 years. They are the most important resource for the future.

Nutrition requirements of adolescents are higher than those of a normal child or adult. Poor nutrition can lead to deficiency and stunted growth. But in India, the diet available to adolescent is inadequate in all nutrients. A large number of adolescent girls suffer from anaemia. Their problems have so far not received adequate attention in the process of development.

Answer the following questions.

1. Evaluate the importance of Adolescent population in India. (2)
2. To what extent is the adolescent population vulnerable to diseases in India. (2)

SECTION -F(MAP-WORK 5 MARKS)

Q37

A) On the given political world map mark

- 1) Any **TWO** axis powers who participated in the Second World War.

B) On the given political map of India locate and label any **THREE** of the following.

1. The place situated on the three seas
2. Andaman and Nicobar Islands
3. The state having highest density of population.
4. The state having lowest density of population.